# Low Maintenance Landscape Calendar

Landscape questions? Call 321-697-3000

# Year-round guidelines for keeping a healthy, beautiful landscape:

- Irrigate ¾" of water per application, regardless of season.
- Established landscape plants do not require irrigation as often as lawns, if at all.
- · Water in the early morning if water restrictions allow.
- The most efficient way to irrigate lawns is to water as needed. If you see these signs-it's time to water:
  - 1. Grass blades fold in half
  - 2. Grass turns blue-green in patches
- 3. Footprints are visible long after walking on lawn
- Use a rain sensor or soil moisture sensor on your irrigation system to prevent over-watering. The sensor should be placed where it will be rained on, and set at ½".

# January

- Irrigate established plants/lawns once every 7-14 days.
- Start the New Year by planting a new tree for Florida Arbor Day. Keep recently planted trees and shrubs moist (not soggy) for several months as roots grow in.
- Obtain a soil test kit from the Extension Services Plant Clinic if you plan to fertilize your own yard.

# **February**

- As your plants put out new growth, water about once a week.
- If you use a pre-emergent herbicide to prevent weeds from germinating, apply now.

#### March

- Check that your irrigation system is applying the appropriate amount of water:
- Place several straight-sided containers or a rain gauge within an irrigation zone.
- 2. Time to see how long it takes for most of the cans or rain gauge to fill with  $\frac{3}{4}$ " of water.
- 3. Set each irrigation zone the appropriate amount of time to apply 34". Never change these settings.
- Apply a slow-release fertilizer to your lawn.
- Change the battery in your irrigation control box to prevent it from resetting in the event of a power failure.

#### April

- Do not irrigate more than 2x per week.
- Replenish mulch to 3" with non-cypress mulch.
- Mow St. Augustine and Bahia 5" tall for a drought tolerant lawn
- Check irrigation system for broken spray heads and leaks.
- Improve irrigation coverage; install at least 6" sprinkler heads in lawn areas.

#### May

- Check rain sensor functionality: turn on your irrigation system. Spray water directly onto rain sensor; the system should shut off within a few minutes. Make sure the sensor is activated on your control box.
- Make a rain barrel to collect water for irrigating plants and for hurricane preparedness.

### June

- With the onset of the rainy season, adjust irrigation frequency based on rainfall received.
- Direct downspouts onto lawn areas rather than pavement.
- Never apply fertilizer or pesticides if rain is expected within 24 hours.
- Apply liquid iron sulfate to green up your lawn as needed throughout the summer.

# July

- Check irrigation system for leaks and broken spray heads.
- Eliminate nematodes, diseases, and weed seeds in empty plant beds; moisten soil; secure clear plastic over area for a month.

# August

- Check rain sensor functionality by turning on your irrigation system. Spray water directly onto your rain sensor.
- Plan your fall vegetable garden; request a Planting Calendar from the Extension Plant Clinic.

# September

- · Fertilize lawn with a slow-release fertilizer.
- Start planting your fall vegetable garden.

# October

- Reduce irrigation frequency to only once per week.
- Troubleshoot entire irrigation system and clean, adjust, and replace malfunctioning components.

# November

- Plan for landscape upgrades in the spring by working on your design ideas and plant lists now.
- Sharpen mower blades.
- Winter is a good time to plant trees and shrubs in Florida;
  visit Extension Services for suggestions.

# December

- Adjust irrigation system to water once every 7-14 days.
- Clean and repair irrigation components

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